Financial statements of

## **Ravensource Fund**

June 30, 2013 and 2012

### **Ravensource Fund** June 30, 2013 and 2012

### **Table of contents**

Management Responsibility for Financial Reporting	1
Statements of operations	2
Statements of net assets	3
Statements of changes in net assets	4
Statement of investment portfolio5	-6
Notes to the financial statements	4

#### MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements have been prepared by **Stornoway Portfolio Management Inc.** in its capacity as the Investment Manager of the Ravensource Fund ("Trust"). The Trust's Investment Manager is responsible for the information and representations contained in these financial statements.

The Investment Manager maintains appropriate processes to ensure that relevant and reliable financial information is produced. The unaudited interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles and include certain amounts that are based on estimates and judgements made by the Investment Manager. The significant accounting policies which the Investment Manager believes are appropriate for the Trust are described in Note 2 to the unaudited interim financial statements.

**On behalf of the Investment Manager** 

Acott KG

<u>August 28, 2013</u>

#### **NOTICE TO UNITHOLDERS**

#### The Auditors of the Trust have not reviewed these financial statements.

Computershare Trust Company of Canada, the Trustee of the Trust, appointed an independent auditor, who was confirmed by the unitholders, to audit the Trust's annual financial statements. Applicable securities laws require that if an auditor has not reviewed the Trust's interim financial statements, this must be disclosed in an accompanying notice.

Statement of operations For the six month period ended June 30 (Unaudited)

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Investment income		
Dividends and income trust distributions	182,783	117,578
Interest	112,615	169,595
	295,398	287,173
Expenses		
Incentive fee (Note 3c)	393,789	4,454
Legal fees	45,511	80,437
Management fees (Note 3b)	31,347	66,714
Trust administration and transfer agency fees	13,500	13,500
Other expenses	13,731	12,559
Administrative fees (Note 3d)	16,879	35,923
Audit fees	13,389	9,524
Listing fees	12,397	12,500
Accounting fees	10,423	10,509
Investor relations fees (Note 3e)	6,724	7,670
Interest on overdraft	-	21
	557,690	253,811
Net investment income (loss)	(262,292)	33,362
Realized and unrealized gain on investments		
Transaction costs	(2,594)	(10,652)
Net realized gain on investments,		
including foreign exchange adjustments	789,021	1,117,479
Net change in unrealized gain on investments	1,278,060	489,842
Net gain on investments	2,064,487	1,596,669
Increase in net assets from operations	1,802,195	1,630,031
Average number of units outstanding during the period	1,700,470	1,701,870
Increase in net assets from operations per unit	1.06	0.96

Statement of net assets

	As at	As at,
	June 30,	December 31,
	2013	2012
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	\$	\$
Assets		
Due from broker	5,642,552	5,742,836
Investments at fair value (Cost: \$13,928,968		
2012 - \$13,137,662)	14,825,316	12,758,609
Interest and dividends receivable	143,745	40,892
	20,611,613	18,542,337
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	104,992	66,743
Incentive, management and administrative fees payable	512,991	131,117
	617,983	197,860
Net assets	19,993,630	18,344,477
Number of units outstanding (Note 5)	1,700,470	1,700,470
Net asset value per unit	11.76	10.79

Approved on behalf of the Trust

F \_\_\_\_ Investment Manager Stornoway Portfolio Management Inc.

### Statement of changes in net assets For the six month period ended June 30 (Unaudited)

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Net assets, beginning of period	18,344,477	16,580,706
Increase in net assets from operations	1,802,195	1,630,031
Unitholder transactions		
Issuance of Units (Note 5)	-	-
Redemption of units (Note 4c)	-	-
Distributions (Note 4d)	(153,042)	(153,168)
	(153,042)	(153,168)
Increase in net assets	1,649,153	1,476,863
Net assets, end of period	19,993,630	18,057,569

Statement of investment portfolio As at June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

				Fair value
Number of		Average	Fair	as % of
shares/units	Investments, owned	cost	value	net assets
		\$	\$	
Canadian				
equities				
70,700	Cannacord Capital Inc.	592,738	402,990	2.02%
80,000	Canwel Holdings Corp.	304,000	198,400	0.99%
228,100	Chinook Energy Inc.	478,156	253,191	1.27%
30,000	Clairvest Group Inc.	370,062	631,500	3.16%
50,000	CML HealthCare Inc.	351,000	527,500	2.64%
812,500	Connacher Oil & Gas Ltd	562,701	48,750	0.24%
1,000	Crystallex International Corp.	90	75	0.00%
40,000	Fiera Sceptre Inc.	173,300	458,000	2.29%
140,375	Glacier Media Inc.	368,989	227,408	1.14%
100,000	GLV Inc.	276,500	319,000	1.60%
21,100	GVIC Comm - Class B	17,091	8,229	0.04%
22,500	GVIC Comm - Class C	18,045	8,550	0.04%
17,900	Indigo Books & Music Inc.	90,872	197,616	0.99%
216,400	Jovian Capital Corp.	1,460,378	1,549,424	7.75%
2,593,500	Melior Resources Inc.	298,305	233,415	1.17%
58,400	Nuvista Energy Ltd	312,183	412,888	2.07%
248,033	Plazacorp Retail Properties Ltd	297,640	1,061,581	5.31%
274,200	Supremex Inc.	624,622	331,782	1.66%
157,900	Ten Peaks Coffee Co Inc.	446,952	426,330	2.13%
245,500	Tuscany International Drilling Inc.	303,379	40,508	0.20%
231,800	Village Farms Income Fund	540,544	162,260	0.81%
500,000	Westaim Corp.	-	12,500	0.06%
45,400	Winpak Ltd	295,252	808,120	4.04%
	·	8,182,799	8,320,017	41.62%
U.S. equities				
75,000	Genworth Financial Inc.	441,137	898,776	4.50%
13,157	Quad Graphics	595,635	332,903	1.67%
1,323,256	SeaCo Ltd		75,114	0.38%
,,		1,036,772	1,306,793	6.55%

### Statement of investment portfolio (continued) As at June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

		_		Fair value
Number of		Average	Fair	as % of
shares/units	Investments, owned	cost	value	net assets
		\$	\$	
Fixed income				
	Connacher Oil & Gas Ltd			
300,000	8.75% due Aug 1, 2018	223,500	168,000	0.84%
	Crystallex International Corp.			
2,250,000	9.375% due Dec 30, 2011 *	1,164,912	1,182,600	5.91%
	Delphi Holdings Corp.			
1,000,000	6.55% due Jun 15, 2006 *	732,498	21,024	0.11%
, ,	Gasfrac Energy Services Inc.		,	
9,000	7.00% due Feb 28, 2017	6,311	6,704	0.03%
-,	Great Basin Gold Ltd	- ) -	-, -	
1,050,000	8% due Nov 30, 2014 *	203,500	10,500	0.05%
, ,	Ivanhoe Energy Inc.		,	
300,000	5.75% due Jun 30, 2016	231,375	210,750	1.05%
,	Tuckamore Capital Management	,	;	
2,460,000	8% due Mar 23, 2016	1,875,334	1,709,700	8.55%
		4,437,430	3,309,278	16.54%
Warrants and C	•			
160,000	MEGA Brands Inc.	32,000	36,800	0.18%
58	Specialty Foods Group	239,967	1,852,428	9.27%
<del></del>		271,967	1,889,228	9.45%
Net investments		13,928,968	14,825,316	74.15%
Brokerage comr		(9,186)		0.00%
Total portfolio of		13,919,782	14,825,316	74.15%
Other net assets	3	5,168,314	5,168,314	25.85%
Net assets		19,088,096	19,993,630	100.00%

\* Defaulted

### **Ravensource Fund** Notes to the financial statements June 30, 2013 and 2012 (Unaudited)

#### 1. Trust organization and nature of operations

The Ravensource Fund (the "Trust") is a closed-end investment trust which was created under the laws of the Province of Ontario pursuant to a Declaration of Trust, dated April 28, 1997 as amended January 15, 2001 and as further amended and restated as of August 22, 2003 and as of July 1, 2008 (the "Declaration of Trust"). The Trust's units are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("RAV.UN").

Computershare Trust Company of Canada (the "Trustee") acts as trustee for the Trust. At a special meeting of the Trust's unitholders, Stornoway Portfolio Management Inc. ("SPM"), an Ontario corporation, was appointed as the investment manager ("Investment Manager") of the Trust, effective July 1, 2008.

The Investment Manager provides portfolio management and administrative services to the Trust, subject to the overall supervision of the Trustee. The Investment Manager is authorized to invest and reinvest the Trust's assets and make investment decisions on behalf of the Trust. Senior executives of the Investment Manager own 193,853 (December 31, 2012 - 193,853) units representing 11.4% (December 31, 2012 - 11.4%) of the outstanding units as at June 30, 2013.

The capital of the Trust is represented by the net asset value of the Trust, and is comprised mainly of investments. As more fully outlined in the Declaration of Trust, the principal investment objective of the Trust is to achieve absolute annual returns, with an emphasis on capital gains, through investment in selected North American securities. The Trust will invest its property primarily in North American high yield and distressed debt securities, and in small capitalization equity securities. The success of the Trust depends on the investment decisions of the Investment Manager and will be influenced by a number of risk factors including liquidity risk, market risks, investment in options, and leverage from borrowed funds.

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Part V Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies followed by the Trust:

a) Valuation of investments

The Trust's investments are presented at fair value determined as follows:

- i) Securities listed upon a recognized public stock exchange are valued at their bid prices on the valuation date. In a situation where, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, a market quotation for a security is inaccurate, unreliable or not readily available, the fair value of the security is estimated using valuation techniques generally used in the industry. These techniques take into account market factors, valuation of similar securities and interest rates.
- ii) Securities not listed upon a recognized public stock exchange are valued using valuation techniques which take into account market factors, valuation of similar securities and interest rates.
- iii) Short-term notes, treasury bills, bonds, asset-backed securities and other debt instruments are valued at bid quotations from recognized investment dealers.
- b) Investment transactions and income recognition

Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade date basis. Interest income is recognized on an accrual basis; however no accrual is made on defaulted bonds. Dividend income (including distributions from income funds) is recognized at the ex-dividend date. Net realized gains (losses) on the sale of investments include net realized gains or losses from foreign currency changes and are based on weighted average cost.

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### c) Income tax

The Trust is taxable as a mutual fund trust under the Income Tax Act (Canada) on its income including net realized capital gains in the taxation year, which is not paid or payable to its unitholders as at the end of the taxation year. It is the intention of the Fund to distribute all of its net income and sufficient net realized capital gains so that the Fund will not be subject to income taxes.

#### d) Foreign currency translation

Investments and other assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Canadian dollars at the exchange rates at the period-end date. Purchases and sales of investments and income derived from foreign currency denominated investments are translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions. The Trust does not separately report the effects of changes in foreign exchange rates from changes in market prices on investments held. Such changes are included in net realized gain or net change in unrealized appreciation on investments.

#### e) Transaction costs

Transaction costs are expensed and are included in the statements of operations. Transaction costs are incremental costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, issue, or disposal of an investment, which include fees and commission paid to agents, advisors, brokers, and dealers, levies by regulatory agencies and securities exchanges, and transfer taxes and duties.

f) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets (primarily with respect to less liquid investments) and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

g) Due from broker

Due from broker are broker accounts representing cash positions as well as any trades that are in transit as at June 30, 2013.

h) Net asset value per unit

The net asset value per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Trust by the total number of units outstanding at the end of the period.

### **Ravensource Fund** Notes to the financial statements June 30, 2013 and 2012 (Unaudited)

#### 3. Related party transactions

#### a) SFG Services Agreement

The Trust has an investment in the securities of Specialty Foods Group Inc. ("SFG"). Additionally, another fund managed by the Investment Manager holds investments in SFG securities. During 2012, the Investment Manager entered into a services agreement with SFG (the "SFG Services Agreement") whereby the Investment Manager is to provide strategic advice and analysis to SFG and in return will earn a fee for these services. As per its internal policy and approved by the Fund's Independent Review Committee, the Investment Manager reduced the management fees and administrative fees that it charges to the Trust in order to pass along the economic benefit of the fees earned by the Investment Manager from the SFG Services. During the 6 months ended June 30, 2013, the Investment Manager reduced management fees by \$34,620 and reduced administrative fees by \$18,642. The Investment Manager will continue to reduce the management fee and administrative fees accordingly for so long as the Trust is invested in SFG securities and the Investment Manager continues to receive fees under the services agreement with SFG.

#### b) Management fees

The management fee payable to the Investment Manager is based on the Trust's average weekly net assets at the end of each week and payable on the last business day of each calendar month as follows:

#### Average weekly net assets

Up to and including \$250 million Between \$250 million and \$500 million \$500 million and more 0.65% of net asset value plus HST 0.60% of net asset value plus HST 0.55% of net asset value plus HST

Management fee

The management fees for the 6 months ended 2013 amounted to \$31,347 (June 30, 2012 - \$66,714). The Investment Manager reduced the management fees by \$34,620 as described in further detail in note 3(a). In the absence of the management fee reduction, total management fees for 2013 would have amounted to approximately \$70,468 (inclusive of HST).

c) Incentive fee

An incentive fee will be payable to the Investment Manager in any period, equal to 20% of the amount by which the net asset value per unit at the end of the period, adjusted for contributions, distributions, and redemptions during the period, exceeds the net asset value per unit at the beginning of the period by more than 5%, plus any shortfall from the prior period. This fee is accrued monthly but calculated and paid annually. Incentive fees accrued for the period ended June 30, 2013 amounted to \$393,789 (June 30, 2012 - \$4,454).

d) Administrative fees

Subject to the supervision of the Trustee, the Investment Manager agrees to be responsible for and provide certain administrative services to the Trust. The Trust will pay the Investment Manager a fee based on the Trust's average weekly net assets at the end of each week and payable on the last business day of each calendar month as follows:

Average weekly net assets	Administrative fee
Up to and including \$250 million	0.35% of net asset value plus HST
Between \$250 million and \$500 million	0.30% of net asset value plus HST
\$500 million and more	0.25% of net asset value plus HST

The administrative fees for 6 months ended June 30, 2013 amounted to \$16,879 (June 30, 2012 - \$35,923). The Investment Manager reduced the administrative fee by \$18,642 as described in further detail in note 3(a). In the absence of the management fee reduction, total management fees for 2013 would have amounted to approximately \$37,944 (inclusive of HST).

#### 3. Related party transactions (continued)

e) Investor relations fees

The Investment Manager is paid a monthly investor relations fee of \$1,000 plus applicable sales tax for unitholder reporting and other services provided under a service agreement. The aggregate investor relations fee for the 6 months ended June 30, 2013 amounted to \$6,724 (June 30, 2012 - \$7,670).

f) Other related party transactions

Certain board members of the Investment Manager and their affiliated entities (excluding senior executives of the Investment Manager and their affiliates) are unitholders in the Trust. At June 30, 2013, such related parties held 735,690 (December 31, 2012 – 726,890) units representing approximately 43.3% (December 31, 2012 – 42.7%) of the units of the Trust. All transactions were executed on the Toronto Stock Exchange on an arm's length basis. The units held by senior executives of the Investment Manager and their affiliates in the trust are disclosed in Note 1.

#### 4. Unitholders' entitlements

The Unitholders' entitlements with respect to the net assets and distribution of income are generally as follows:

a) Entitlement in respect of net assets

A pro-rata share of the net assets of the Trust in the proportion that each unitholders' equity bears to the aggregate unitholders' equity.

b) Tax designations and elections

The Trustee shall file all tax returns, on behalf of the Trust, required by law.

c) Redemption of units

By delivering an Annual Redemption Request to be received by the Trust's registrar and transfer agent on or before the twentieth business day prior to the applicable Annual Redemption Date, being the valuation date following August 31 in any period, subject to compliance with applicable laws and the provisions, unitholders shall be entitled to require the Trust to redeem some or all of their units outstanding at net asset value as of the Annual Redemption Date.

d) Distributions

The Trust intends to make semi-annual distributions to unitholders of record as of the last Valuation Date of each of June and December in each calendar period, of such amount per unit as the Trustee, upon consultation with the Investment Manager, may determine. It is anticipated that the annual distribution will be at least equal to the net capital gains plus the net income of the Trust for that period, net of any tax losses brought forward from prior periods.

During the period, the Trust declared a distribution of \$0.09 (June 30, 2012 - \$0.09) per unit for a total amount of \$153,042 (June 30, 2012 - \$153,168).

The Trust has cumulative net capital losses of \$18,772,612 as of December 31, 2012 (December 31, 2011 - \$19,980,867) for income tax purposes that may be carried forward and applied to reduce future net capital gains.

#### 5. Units of the Trust

The Trust is authorized to issue an unlimited number of redeemable units of beneficial interest, each of which represents an equal, undivided interest in the net assets of the Trust. Each unit entitles the holder to one vote and to participate equally with respect to any and all distributions made by the Trust. The redemption price per unit will be equal to the net asset value per unit calculated on the redemption date.

6 months ended June 30	2013	2012
Units, beginning of year	1,700,470	1,701,870
Sale of units	-	-
Redemption of units	-	-
Units, end of period	1,700,470	1,701,870

#### 6. Expenses

The Investment Manager has the power to incur and make payment out of the Trust property any charges or expenses which, in the opinion the Investment Manager, are necessary or incidental to, or proper for, carrying out any of the purposes of the Declaration of Trust, including without limitation all fees and expenses relating to the management and administration of the Trust. The Trust will be responsible for any income or excise taxes and brokerage commissions on portfolio transactions.

#### 7. Indemnification of the Investment Manager

The Trust has indemnified the Investment Manager (and each of its directors and officers) from and against all liabilities and expenses, reasonably incurred by the Investment Manager, other than liabilities and expenses incurred as a result of the Investment Manager's willful misconduct, bad faith or negligence. There were no claims or expenses against the Investment Manager requiring indemnification during the periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012.

#### 8. Financial instruments risk management

Managing the risks of the investment portfolio is a critical element of the investment management process. The Investment Manager's overall risk management process seeks to minimize the potentially adverse effect of risk on its financial performance in a manner that is consistent with the Trust's investment mandate. To accomplish this goal, the Investment Manager utilizes a range of well-established tools and methods to manage the risk of the Trust.

In the normal course of business, the Trust is exposed to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk, and other price risk). The value of investments within the Trust portfolio can fluctuate on a daily basis as a result of changes in interest rates, economic conditions, market and company news related to specific securities within the Trust. The level of risk depends on the Trust's investment objectives and the type of securities it invests in.

#### 8. Financial instruments risk management (continued)

#### a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Trust. The market value of debt instruments and derivatives includes consideration of the credit worthiness of the issuer, and accordingly, represents the majority of the credit risk exposure of the Trust. As at June 30, 2013, the market value of the Trust's debt portfolio was \$3.3 million, or 16.6% of net assets (December 31, 2012 - \$2.9 million, 15.6% of net assets) and was comprised of non-rated bonds (9.6% of net assets, December 31, 2012 – 7.5%), defaulted bonds (6.1% of net assets, December 31, 2012 – 7.0%), and B-rated bonds (0.9% of net assets, December 31, 2012 – 1.1%).

All transactions executed by the Trust in listed securities are settled/paid for upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered minimal, as delivery of securities sold takes place once the broker has received payment, and purchases are paid for once the securities have been received by the broker. The trade will fail if either party fails to meet its obligation.

b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Trust may not be able to settle or meet its obligation on time or at a reasonable price.

The Trust's exposure to liquidity risk primarily relates to annual redemption of units. Other than the high yield and defaulted bonds, the Trust primarily invests in equity securities that are traded in active markets and can be readily disposed of. In addition, the Trust retains sufficient cash to maintain liquidity.

c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect future cash flows or fair values of financial instruments. Interest rate risk arises when the Trust invests in interestbearing financial instruments. The Trust is exposed to the risk that the value of such financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the prevailing levels of market interest rates. There is no sensitivity to interest rate fluctuations on any cash balances.

As the Trust has significant exposure to high yield and defaulted bonds with no exposure to government bonds, its bond investments tend to be affected more by changes in overall economic growth and company-specific fundamentals rather than changes in interest rates. However, high yield bonds do have a degree of interest rate risk which is illustrated in the table below.

As at June 30, 2013, the Trust's exposure to debt instruments by maturity and the impact on its net asset value if the yield curve is shifted in parallel by an increase of 25 basis points ("bps"), holding all other variables constant ("sensitivity"), would be as follows:

Materia dete	Jun 30	Dec 31
Maturity date	2013	2012
	\$	\$
1 year or less	-	-
1-3 years	1,920,450	-
3-5 years	6,704	1,373,940
More than 5 years	168,000	205,125
Sensitivity to 25bps yield change will increase or decrease net assets by	12,149	10,821

\* Excludes cash and defaulted bonds.

In practice, actual results may differ from the above sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material.

#### 8. Financial instruments risk management (continued)

#### d) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises from financial instruments (including cash and cash equivalents) that are denominated in a currency other than Canadian dollars, which represents the functional currency of the Trust. The Trust may enter into foreign exchange contracts for hedging purposes to reduce its foreign currency exposure, or to establish exposure to foreign currencies. Other currencies to which the Trust had exposure as at June 30, 2013, are as follows:

June 30, 2013	CAD \$	% of NAV	
United States dollar	4,707,011	23.54	
December 31, 2012	CAD \$	% of NAV	
United States dollar	3,077,431	16.78	

As at June 30, 2013, if the Canadian dollar had strengthened or weakened by 1 percent in relation to all currencies, with all other variables held constant, net assets would have decreased or increased, respectively, by approximately 0.24% (\$47,070) (December 31, 2012 - 0.17% (\$30,774)). In practice, the actual results may differ from this sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material.

e) Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the market value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk, credit risk or currency risk). All investments represent a risk of loss of capital. The Manager of the Trust moderates this risk through a careful selection and diversification of securities and other financial instruments within the limits of the Trust's investment objectives and strategy. The Trust's overall market positions are monitored on a regular basis by the Investment Manager.

As at June 30, 2013, 57.97% (December 31, 2012 – 57.24%) of the Trust's net assets were invested in securities traded on North American stock exchanges. If security prices on the North American stock exchanges had increased or decreased by 10% as at the period end, with all other factors remaining constant, net assets could possibly have increased or decreased by approximately 5.8% (\$1,159,076) (December 31, 2012 - 5.72% (\$1,050,022)). In practice, the actual results may differ from this sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material.

#### 9. Fair value measurements

Financial statements are measured at fair value using a three-tier hierarchy based on inputs used to value the Trust's investments. The hierarchy of inputs is summarized below:

Level 1 – quoted prices (unadjusted) in public markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – dealer quoted prices in over-the-counter markets for identical assets or liabilities, or inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3 – inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

#### 9. Fair value measurements (continued)

Changes in valuation methods may result in transfers into or out of an investment's assigned level. The following table presents the Trust's financial instruments that have been measured at fair value, on a recurring basis, as at June 30, 2013.

June 30, 2013	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Investments				
Bonds	1,927,154	1,382,124	-	3,309,278
Equities	9,626,810	-	-	9,626,810
Warrants and Options	36,800	-	1,852,428	1,889,228
Total	11,590,764	1,382,124	1,852,428	14,825,316
December 31, 2012	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Investments				
Bonds	1,373,939	1,486,974	-	2,860,913
Equities	9,103,881	-	-	9,103,881
Warrants and Options	22,400	-	771,415	793,815
Total	10,500,220	1,486,974	771,415	12,758,609

The table below shows a reconciliation of the opening and closing balance of financial instruments recorded in Level 3:

	Beginning				End of
	of period,	Realized	Unrealized	Sales	period,
	January 1,	fair value	fair value	or	June 30,
	2013	gain/loss	gain/loss	Purchases	2013
Specialty Foods Group - Warrant \$	771,415 \$	- \$	1,081,013	\$-	\$1,852,428
Total \$	771,415 \$	- \$	1,081,013	\$-	\$1,852,428

#### 10. Future accounting standards

The Canadian Accounting Standards Board (AcSB) requires adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as published by the International Accounting Standards Boards, by investment funds, on or by January 1, 2014. The Trust will adopt the International Financial Reporting Standards in accordance with AcSB's plan. The impact of the adoption of these standards is not known at this time.

#### 11. Capital disclosures

The Manager has policies and procedures in place to manage the capital of the Trust in accordance with the Trust's investment objectives, strategies and restrictions as detailed in the offering document. Information about the capital is described In the Statement of changes in net assets and the Trust does not have externally imposed capital requirements.